

Common features of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer include mechanical and physical properties such as exceptional toughness and resilience, high resistance to creep, impact and flex fatigue, flexibility at low temperatures and good retention of properties at elevated temperatures. In addition, it resists many industrial chemicals, oils and solvents. Special grades include heat stabilised, flame retardant, food contact compliant, blow molding and extrusion grades. Concentrates offered include black pigments, UV protection additives, heat stabilisers, and flame retardants. Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer is plasticiser free.

The good melt stability of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste. If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations.

For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer typically is used in demanding applications in the automotive, fluid power, electrical/electronic, consumer goods, appliance and power tool, sporting goods, furniture, industrial and off-road transportation/equipment industry.

Hytrel® 4068 ECO-B 652 is a low modulus Hytrel® grade with nominal durometer hardness of 40D. It contains nondiscoloring stabilizer. It can be processed by many conventional thermoplastic processing techniques like injection molding and extrusion. It has same performance and processing properties as Hytrel® 4068.

Hytrel® 4068 ECO-B 652 belongs to the Hytrel® ECO-B family. The products of this family are partially produced using bio-feedstock derived from waste\*. This results in reduced lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions and lower fossil resource use.

\*certified bio-circular according to ISCC Plus mass balance approach.

Typical applications:

Moulded products, hose and tubing, wire and cable jackets, film and sheeting, belting and seals.

### Rheological properties

Melt volume-flow rate	8.8	cm <sup>3</sup> /10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	220	°C	
Load	2.16	kg	
Melt mass-flow rate	8.5	g/10min	ISO 1133
Melt mass-flow rate, Temperature	220	°C	
Melt mass-flow rate, Load	2.16	kg	
Moulding shrinkage, parallel	1.0	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage, normal	0.9	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties			
Tensile modulus	45	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at 5% strain	2.4	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at 10% strain	3.2	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at 50% strain, 1BA	6.7	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at 100% strain	7.5	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at break	29	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Nominal strain at break	800	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at break	>300	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural modulus	45	MPa	ISO 178

21 MPa

N kJ/m<sup>2</sup>

N kJ/m<sup>2</sup>

ISO 899-1

ISO 179/1eU

ISO 179/1eU

Tensile creep modulus, 1000h

Charpy impact strength, 23°C Charpy impact strength, -30°C



## THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C Charpy notched impact strength, -40°C Tensile notched impact strength, 23°C Puncture - maximum force, -30°C Puncture energy, -30°C Shore D hardness, 15s Shore D hardness, max Tear strength, parallel Tear strength, normal Abrasion resistance	N 145 2100 30 33 37 100 100		ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eA ISO 8256/1 ISO 6603-2 ISO 6603-2 ISO 48-4 / ISO 868 ISO 868 ISO 34-1 ISO 34-1 ISO 4649
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10°C/min Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 10N Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), parallel	193 -50 130 230	°C	ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 306 ISO 11359-1/-2
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE),	230	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
normal Thermal conductivity of melt Effective thermal diffusivity, flow Specific heat capacity of melt TGA curve	5.44E-8	W/(m K) m²/s J/(kg K)	ISO 22007-2 ISO 22007-4 ISO 22007-4 ISO 11359-1/-2
Flammability			
Burning Behav. at thickness h Thickness tested UL recognition FMVSS Class Burning rate, Thickness 1 mm	3 yes B	class mm mm/min	IEC 60695-11-10 IEC 60695-11-10 UL 94 ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302) ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Electrical properties			
Relative permittivity, 100Hz Relative permittivity, 1MHz Electric strength Comparative tracking index	4.8 4.7 18 600	kV/mm	IEC 62631-2-1 IEC 62631-2-1 IEC 60243-1 IEC 60112
Physical/Other properties			
Humidity absorption, 2mm Water absorption, 2mm Water absorption, Immersion 24h Density Density of melt		%	Sim. to ISO 62 Sim. to ISO 62 Sim. to ISO 62 ISO 1183

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VDA 277 VDA 270

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## **VDA** Properties

Emission of organic compounds Odour		µgC/g class
Injection		
Drying Recommended	yes	
Drying Temperature	100	°C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 3	h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.08	%
Melt Temperature Optimum	225	°C
Min. melt temperature	220	°C
Max. melt temperature	250	°C
Mold Temperature Optimum	40	°C
Min. mould temperature	30	-
Max. mould temperature	40	°C
Extrusion		
Drying Temperature	90 - 110	°C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 3	h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.06	%
Melt Temperature Optimum	215	°C
Melt Temperature Range	210 - 225	°C

### **Characteristics**

Processing	Injection Moulding, Film Extrusion, Extrusion, Sheet Extrusion, Other Extrusion, Casting, Thermoforming
Delivery form	Pellets
Special characteristics	Light stabilised or stable to light
Sustainability	Bio-Content

### Additional information

Injection molding

### PREPROCESSING

Drying recommended = Yes Drying temperature = 100 °C Drying time, dehumidified dryer = 2-3 h Processing moisture content = <0.08 %

### PROCESSING

Melt temperature range = 220-250 °C Melt temperature optimum = 225 °C Mold temperature optimum = 40 °C Mold temperature range = 30-40 °C





Profile extrusion

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## PREPROCESSING

Drying temperature =  $100 \degree C$ Drying time, dehumidified dryer = 2-3 h Processing moisture content = <0.06 %

### PROCESSING

Melt termperature range = 205-230 °C Melt temperature optimum = 215 °C

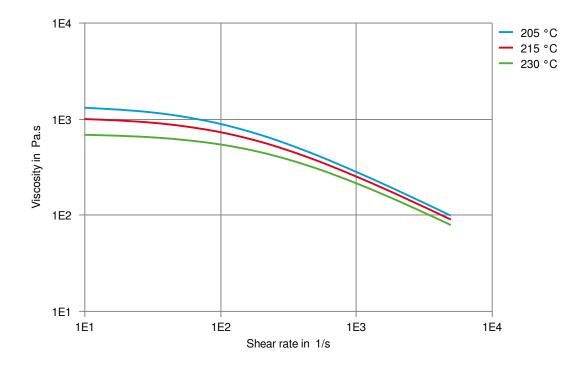
### Automotive

OEM Mercedes-Benz STANDARD DBL5562.50 TPC





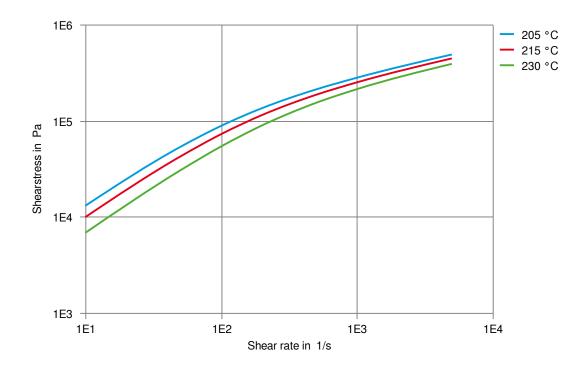
Viscosity-shear rate







Shearstress-shear rate

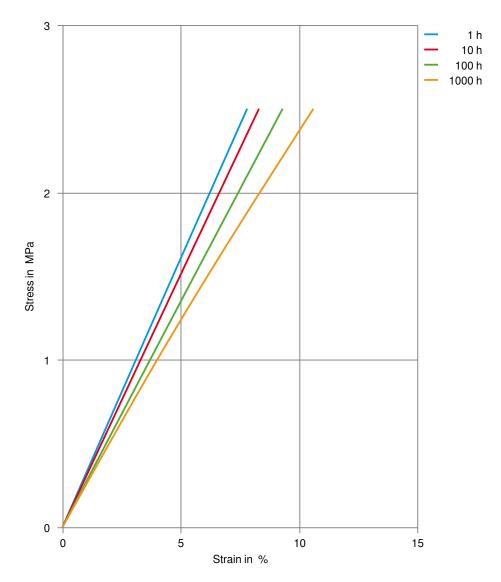






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

### Stress-strain (isochronous) 23°C

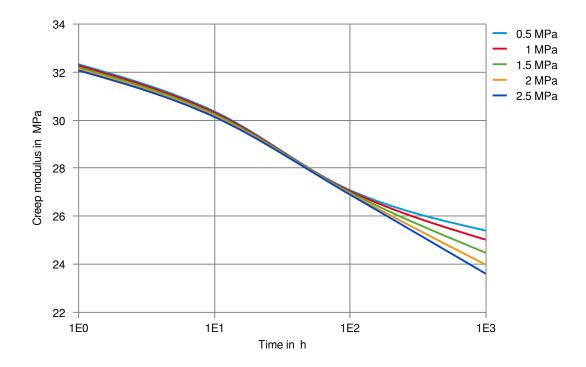






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Creep modulus-time 23°C

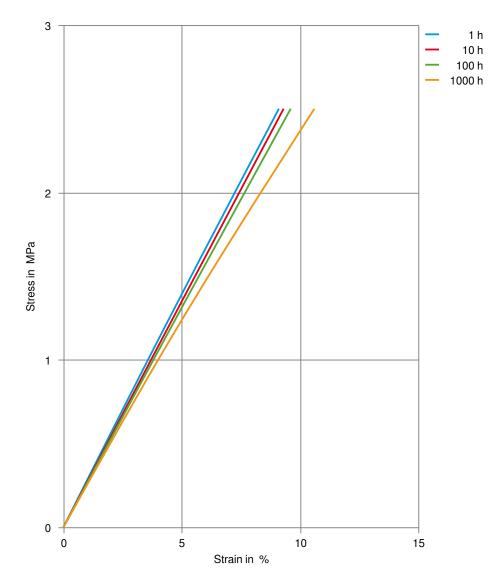






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

### Stress-strain (isochronous) 40°C

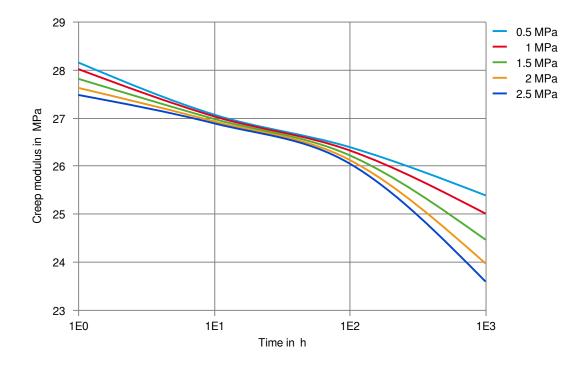






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Creep modulus-time 40°C

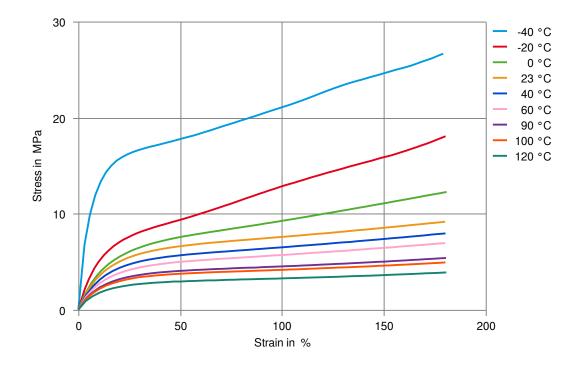






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Stress-Strain (Flexible Materials)





THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

## Chemical Media Resistance

### Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C
- ★ Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C
- X Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- ★ Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ★ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

#### Bases

- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

### Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

### Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

### Ketones

X Acetone, 23°C

### Ethers

X Diethyl ether, 23°C

### Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- X SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- X SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130 °C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C

### **Standard Fuels**

- × ISO 1817 Liquid 1 E5, 60°C
- ¥ ISO 1817 Liquid 2 M15E4, 60°C
- ¥ ISO 1817 Liquid 3 M3E7, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 4 M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- X Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

#### Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C

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- Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

#### Other

- Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- X Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- X DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ★ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- ✓ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 90°C
- ✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C

#### Symbols used:

possibly resistant

Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).

X not recommended - see explanation

Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).

Printed: 2025-05-30

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Revised: 2025-04-22 Source: Celanese Materials Database

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